

DAILY EVENING BULLETIN.

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MAYSVILLE, KY., THURSDAY, APRIL 12, 1883.

PRICE ONE CENT.

THE NEWS IN BRIEF.

The explosion of a powder house at Acton, Mass., killed two men.

The Salvation Army is operating in Louisville, Ky.

The Star Route trial, it is thought, will be concluded some time in June.

Refus A. Willis, a prominent Boston broker, suicided by shooting.

A severe snow storm is prevailing throughout the State of Minnesota.

Seven thousand dock laborers went on a strike at Marseilles, on the 10th inst.

James S. Gold, at Washington, Ind., has been indicted for murder in the first degree.

An unknown boy, aged thirteen years, was killed by a freight train at Berea, Ohio.

Of twenty prisoners escaping from the Fort Worth, Tex., jail, twenty were recaptured.

Secretary Folger has concluded to defer indefinitely his intended trip to the Bermudas.

The death sentence of Moses Coleman, at Little Rock, has been respited for an indefinite period.

Postmaster General Gresham arrived in Washington on the 10th inst., to report for business.

Judge William P. Edson, of Posey county, Ind., is a candidate for the District Judgeship, vice Gresham.

According to the report of Consul Allen, Bermuda raises nothing to speak of but onions and potatoes.

It is reported that Captain Howgate, the defaulting Signal Service officer, was seen this week in Washington.

H. W. Colburn and B. A. Ashley, light-house keepers on the Pacific coast, and two visitors, were drowned.

Hon. Max Bech, the famous German composer, arrived at New York on the steamer Gallia on the 10th inst.

"Ellsworth," the old war horse belonging to General Runyon, of New Jersey, died yesterday, aged twenty-seven years.

F. M. Brugg, living at No. 343 West Forty-third street, New York, fatally shot his wife, of whom he was jealous.

Judge Lee, a prominent lawyer of Ash-tabula, Ohio, suicided by the laudanum route because of financial troubles.

At Vicksburg George Smith shot and killed a negro minister, and was himself killed while trying to effect his escape.

The Lyman Cotton Mills, at North Providence, R. I., have burned. Loss, \$75,000. Fifty operatives are thrown out of work.

Captain A. C. Donnelly, of Morrow, Ohio, a well-known steamboatman, died suddenly on the 10th inst. of apoplexy.

The report that a plot had been discovered in Washington to blow up the British legation is denied by Minister West.

The Ansonia (Conn.) Hotel burned, entailing a loss of \$12,000. Fifty guests in the hotel escaped, of whom but two were injured.

Lyman Potter, rolling a wheelbarrow from New York to New Orleans on a wager, was killed by a train near Salisbury, N. C.

The hearing of Dr. Marshall, at Pittsburgh, charged with attempting to blackmail Mary Anderson, has been postponed until April 19.

The coal operatives of the Massillon (O.) district contemplate a general lockout. This will throw between 5,000 and 6,000 miners out of work.

Sam Lewis, colored, was taken from jail and lynched, at Atlanta, Ga., by a mob of seventy-five colored men, for the murder of Dink Weems, colored.

F. D. Barnum, a prominent jeweler of Louisville, has made an assignment to Captain Irwin Dugan. Liabilities between \$15,000 and \$20,000.

John, Lena and Thomas Hiltz, the children of a farmer near Monticello, Ill., were poisoned from eating wild parsnips, John dying shortly after eating the roots.

A tornado in Garland county, Arkansas, devastated a German settlement and killed three persons. Two persons in Montgomery county were also killed, and much property badly damaged.

Cincinnati cigarmakers are about to go on a strike. They demand an increase of \$1 on the thousand for making cigars, that being but one-third of the amount of the tax reduction.

A falling wall at Rochester, N. Y., entombed seventeen workmen, ten of whom have been rescued, one of them dead and two fatally injured. It is feared the remaining seven are killed.

Henry Menifey, the self confessed murderer of Lord Leitrim, has been released from custody at Pittsburgh, having been identified as a harmless crank living in one of the outer wards of the city.

On the 11th of May, at Baton Rouge, La., Bazis Dugay will be hanged for the murder of George Lukesley. Same day and place John Austin will die from the same cause for the murder of Isaac Brown.

BROUGHT INTO COURT.

The Alleged Incendiary of the Newhall House on Trial.

A General Outline of the Evidence to be Produced—The Trial to Probably be Concluded in a Week.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., April 11.—Yesterday two months ago the Newhall House burned to the ground, one hundred people losing their lives, and yesterday the trial of George Scheller, charged with setting the hotel on fire, began in the Municipal Court, Judge Mallory presiding. Scheller, the owner of the hotel bar, and chief clerk of the hotel for eight years past, was arrested a few days after the fire on the grave charge for which he is held, and in the course of time was regularly indicted by the grand jury. The former high standing of the accused, who came to this city a dozen years ago from Detroit, where he is well connected, has made unusually sensational the awful crime laid at Scheller's door. He has considerable property and a host of friends, and will be ably defended. The general opinion is that he will not be found guilty. Over one hundred witnesses have been subpoenaed, and the trial will probably last a week or longer. District Attorney Clark appeared for the prosecution, assisted by P. J. Somers, when the case was called.

The defense is conducted by Jeff C. McKenny and W. H. Elliott, well-known members of the local bar. An immense crowd was present. Scheller, his wife, sister-in-law, and attorneys were in the room when the case was called. Scheller looks remarkably well, and his confinement has bleached and fattened him wonderfully. At 11 o'clock Scheller, in charge of a Deputy Sheriff, appeared in court, seeming very cheerful. He said that he felt confident of acquittal. When arraigned he pleaded not guilty, and the call of jurors was commenced. A special venire was issued. The outline of the prosecution is as follows: To establish a motive for the crime, they will attempt to prove that Scheller's business affairs had become so much involved and his finances had reached so low an ebb, through a falling off of custom in the saloon and billiard room, as to bring him face to face with ruin. They will also try to show that his stock and billiard room fixtures were insured for much more than their actual value. This money getting will be assumed as the motive. To fasten the guilt of the crime of arson upon him they expect to prove clearly that, instead of having closed the saloon at 1:30 on the morning of the fire, and gone home, as he claimed, he loitered in the vicinity of the hotel until 3:30 o'clock, when he left a couple of friends on Broadway and started off in the direction of the hotel, which dashed into flames half an hour later. An effort will be made to disprove the statement that Scheller was in bed when the fire broke out, by testimony to the fact that Mrs. Scheller searched for her husband during the progress of the conflagration, and expressed fears for his safety, saying that he had not been at home at all during the entire night. It is hinted that some new and quite sensational testimony will be introduced by the prosecution, testimony calculated to prove beyond any question that Scheller was in the saloon only a very few minutes before the fire, or, rather, that some one was in the saloon at the time indicated, and that some one must have seen Scheller, as he always carried a key that would unlock the saloon door. The attorneys for the defense seemed to have outlined no particular course to be pursued during the trial. They have a few witnesses of their own, to be used mainly in rebuttal, but will rely upon a failure of the prosecution to directly connect Scheller with the incendiaryism for an acquittal. They know as little about the nature of the testimony to be introduced as the general public, and are fully as much at sea as the rest of the community.

Dr. Marshall's Hearing Postponed.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., April 11.—The hearing of Dr. Marshall, on a charge of attempting to blackmail Mary Anderson, has been postponed until the 19th inst. This was done in order to have Dr. Hamilton Griffin present with all the papers in the affair. The United States officers think they have a very strong case.

Lynchers Hunting Him.

LEAVENWORTH, Kas., April 11.—Two lynching parties have been scouring the woods all night for an unknown mulatto boy, aged about eighteen years, who attempted to outrage Sarah Porter, aged nine, yesterday afternoon.

Slaughtered With a Razor.

VICKSBURG, Miss., April 11.—In Sharkey county to-day O. W. Thayer and Wicks Shannon had a dispute. Shannon cut Thayer's throat with a razor, killing him instantly.

Killed the Superintendent.

EL PASO, TEXAS, April 11.—Pedro Duran, a Mexican army officer, yesterday shot and killed the superintendent of Gov. Terrazo's rancho, in Chihuahua. Duran is in prison.

THE DYNAMITE SCARE.

The Reason Why the Explosive Bill Was so Hastily Passed.

Unrest in Canada—A Great Strike of Dock Laborers at Marseilles—The New Female Agitator.

LONDON, April 11.—The Times to-day says there was a practical reason for the haste in which the bill in regard to the explosives was passed through Parliament yesterday, and explains by stating that some members of the dynamite party are believed to be on steamers now coming from America. A royal message giving assent to the bill was read in Parliament this morning.

DUBLIN, April 11.—The police have just come into possession of information that a man has arrived in Dublin who is supposed to be an emissary of the dynamite party, and whose mission is the destruction of property. All the hotels are being watched with the hope of arresting him. The Coldstream Guards have been placed in the building adjacent to the Green-street Court-house, where the trials of the Phoenix Park assassins are to take place.

OTTAWA, April 11.—Notwithstanding the positive assurance of Superintendent Sherwood, of the Dominion police, that the reported explosion in Eastern Block was a canard, Detective Hodgins and four Toronto policemen, who had been brought here to-day, inspected the underground passage of the Parliament building, and have been granted permits to enter not only that building but Rideau Hall at all hours, day and night. Although the fact is not generally known, considerable uneasiness is manifested among the members. The eight-watch furnished by the Dominion police has been doubled, and every precaution has been taken to prevent the possibility of evil-disposed persons creating trouble. Detective Hodgins had an interview with Colonel DeWinton in reference to some suspicious circumstances which took place at Rideau Hall recently. It is said the return of Princess Louise will be delayed on this account.

MARSEILLES, April 11.—Seven thousand dock laborers struck work here yesterday. Up to 2 o'clock this afternoon the strikers had committed no unlawful acts. The authorities have nevertheless taken measures for a prompt suppression of disorders. The streets frequented by the men are being patrolled by mounted gen d'armes.

PARIS, April 11.—The temporary cessation of political excitement, while it has partially reassured the bourgeois, does not silence Mme. Paul Mincke, and does not please M. Henri Rochefort. The Citizen is still printed at Marseilles, and, although there have been no riots, she blithely announces that the social revolution is at hand. She accounts for the going by of the day set for the last emeute without any disturbance by saying that there was no visible result to be expected from a rising at that time, except a massacre of Communists, her meaning being, evidently that the Revolutionists were not quite ready to precipitate an outbreak. M. Rochefort, in the intransigent, boldly compares M. Jules Ferry to M. Gambetta, and accuses him of seeking to plot for the Presidency of the Republic. He declares that the journey to Arachon was full of meaning, and that M. Ferry is now feeling the pulse of the provinces. It is evident, therefore, that M. Rochefort will hunt down the new Cabinet with the same reckless hatred which impelled him to stab each member of the Gambetta Ministry, and, unfortunately for the hopes of those who seek to establish a stable government in France, this propaganda succeeds. The unscrupulous writer may be despised and discredited, but the circulation of his paper is tremendous, especially among the working classes. Five other daily organs preach extreme doctrines of collectivism and revolution.

Hopes That the Star Route Trial Will End by June.

WASHINGTON, April 11.—The defense will probably get all their testimony in in the Star Route trial next week. A week or two will then be consumed by evidence in rebuttal, so that the arguments will be begun, it is now believed, by May 1, and a verdict reached during the latter part of that month. Miner, who occupied the stand to-day, kept up a vigorous argument with Merrick, who cross-examined him, and denied, at every possible opportunity, Rerdell's stories and the charges of conspiracy or fraud.

Colonel Bliss, of Government counsel in the Star Route case, says the report is not true that Merrick and Rerdell will withdraw from the present trial before it is completed.

Terrible Fire.

WESTMINSTER, Md., April 11.—The most disastrous fire ever known here occurred yesterday morning. The flames originated in Jacob Thompson's livery stable, in which Bob Thompson and Aaron Shaeffer, employees, were burned to death, and also thirty houses. The Lutheran church and sixteen dwellings and stores burned. The fire cleared away a whole square, from Bond to Carroll, on Main street, and up Carroll. Loss, \$70,000.

ALMS-HOUSE ATROCITIES.

Another Awful Chapter in the Tewksbury Terror.

Boston, April 11.—Governor Butler was present at the Tewksbury Alms-house investigation yesterday. Joseph A. Chase testified that he had worked for Miss Manning, and with her knowledge had taken bodies to the Harvard Medical School by order of the Marshal.

The Governor then introduced the sermon by a Mr. Sanborn, a minister of Lawrence, in which it was stated that Spaulding was one of the Trustees of the Alms-house; had boasted that while no enrolment was attached to the Trusteeship, he could make it pay. The Governor intimated that this was done by turning over contracts to outside parties with whom Spaulding divided the profits. The Governor then offered a printed testimonial to the character of Sanborn, which after some discussion, was admitted.

John H. Chase said that since his first testimony he had gone to Tewksbury with a detective and unearthed a coffin supposed to contain the body of Joseph Clark. The body had previously been sold, and the coffin, which was empty, brought to Boston. There were other coffins in the same condition.

Two poor women had offered money to witness, to put up a slab over their mother's grave which he refused, but Marsh said he ought to have taken it.

The body was afterwards sent away. In another case, a casket supplied by some ladies to put a body into had been kept and sold by Marsh, a wooden case taking its place.

Frank Baker, formerly in charge of the insane building, said the beds were in a filthy condition in the male wards. He had charge of the bathing of the male patients in a tank 10 by 15 feet and 1 foot deep. As many as eighty-four bathed in the same water, which was rarely changed. The patients would object to going in, and be put in by force.

The Governor attempted to have the testimony of what an insane female inmate had told witness introduced, but, after a warm discussion, it was suppressed.

Mark Heathcote, a policeman who took a fondling to the Alms-house, saw a nurse filling its mouth with soap.

Dr. Dean, a graduate of Harvard Medical School, testified that when he was a student perhaps fifty bodies were used during the winter term.

THE DANDY DEFAULTER.

Capt. Howgate, the Defaulting Signal Officer, Reported to Have Appeared in Washington.

WASHINGTON, April 11.—The Critic publishes a sensational rumor relating to Howgate. It has been impossible to procure anything further than the one story, and its truth is doubted, but here it is:

"Captain Howgate, the defaulting signal officer, is now in Washington. At 2 o'clock this afternoon he was seen to alight from a coupe and hurriedly enter a residence in the northwestern portion of the city. The hack was the property of a private citizen, and one of Howgate's well-known friends. He remained about twenty minutes, and was then driven east on P street. He was seen by a member of the Signal Service who served under him and who is well acquainted with him. The latter attempted to speak to Howgate, but was frustrated by the gentleman who accompanied him. The one-horse vehicle was driven by an elderly Irishman in full livery. The party who accompanied Howgate wore a full beard, a silk hat, and was beyond the meridian of life in age. The party who recognized Howgate did so from his peculiar features about the eyes and mouth. The gentleman who recognized Howgate remarked to the Critic that the fact that he sprang quickly into the coupe when the word 'Howgate' was uttered is prima facie evidence that his convictions of true recognition were correct. The informant also stated that he felt positive in his mind that he knew the gentleman who accompanied Howgate, but that he is too prominently known here to be named unless his eyesight was confirmed more fully; that he was one of the defaulter's heaviest creditors.

Dynamite Fiend in Washington.

WASHINGTON, April 11.—British Minister West was to-day asked as to the truthfulness of the story which was in circulation, that Zell Hoover, of this city, had reported to him a plot to blow up the legation with dynamite, and that Hoover had been paid \$500. Mr. West stated that all the truth that there was in the story was that Hoover did call upon him and direct his attention to a certain matter, but it was not a plot to blow up the legation with dynamite, or anything of the kind. He investigated the matter and found it to be fallacious. He did not pay Hoover any money, but merely heard what he had to say, investigated it, and found it to be untrue.

Arrival of Gresham.

WASHINGTON, April 11.—Postmaster General Gresham arrived last evening, and was met at the depot by a number of prominent gentlemen, among whom was a committee from the Indiana Republican Club. He was driven to the residence of the Hon. John W. Foster, Minister to Spain, where he will remain several days, and where he to-day received a number of friends.

THE FINANCIAL PROBLEM.

The Foundation Upon Which National Banks Exist to be Knocked Out by the End of Next Year.

WASHINGTON, April 11.—A statement of the United States bonds held by the Treasurer to secure National Bank circulation, just published here, shows that nearly all the three per cents, recently issued are held by banks for that purpose, and that of the \$357,000,000 of bonds held for this purpose, about \$200,000,000 are three per cents. This is somewhat interesting in itself, but becomes much more so when it is considered that these three per cent bonds are the next to be redeemed after the present three-and-a-half (extended five) and sixes are out of the way. These three-and-a-half per cent bonds will not last longer than about the end of the present fiscal year, and then comes the attack on the three per cents.

At the rate the bonds have been called in during Senator Folger's term these would not last two years, and by the end of 1884 one-half the National Banks would find their financial foundation gone. There will be nothing left with which they may continue to furnish security for their circulation save the four and four-and-a-half per cent bonds. When it is considered that the former are at a premium of 20 per cent, and the latter of 14 per cent, it will be seen that there will be great hesitancy on the part of many to invest in them for circulation securities. How rapidly these remaining three per cents will be paid off, since last winter's reduction in the revenue can not of course be told, but they must soon begin to melt away. When they begin to go the four and four-and-a-half per cents will probably go higher, and when your national banker finds that for every \$4 he invests in bonds he can only issue three in currency, and that for every \$5 so invested he will only get four back when the bonds are redeemed, there seems grave doubt as to whether he will make the investment. And if he does not, and his bank circulation is withdrawn, what is to become of the circulating medium of the country?

CIGARMAKERS' DEMAND.

Since the Reduction of Tax on Cigars is \$3 per 1,000, They Want the Benefit of One-Third the Reduction.

CINCINNATI, April 11.—Cigarmakers' Unions Nos. 4 and 20 of this city are holding joint meetings daily, the object being to secure an advance on the present prices paid for making cigars.

The average wages now paid is \$6 to \$7 per 1,000 and workmen are enabled to earn \$8 to \$12 per week. There are about 2,000 cigarmakers in this city, 1,600 of whom belong to either one or the other of the above named unions. The refusal of the manufacturers to grant the increase will result in a strike, and over 1,000 men and women will be out of employment. A few dealers have signed the contract, among whom was the firm of Reid Brothers, who employ forty or fifty men. There exists a determination among the workmen to remain out until the advance asked for is granted. It is reported that a large number of the cigarmakers of this city have decided to leave for the East, where they say prices are higher than here. Meetings will be held every day until the strike is over. The employees of the firms which have acceded to the demands will return to work at once.

Jealousy and Crime.

NEW YORK, April 11.—Mrs. Rebecca Brugg, aged thirty-five, was shot in the right breast by her husband about midnight last night at their residence, No. 343 West Forty-third street. The woman was removed to the hospital, where it was found that her injury was probably fatal. Her ante-mortem statement has since been taken, and she is said to be dying. Franklin M. Brugg, her husband, was arrested. Jealousy was the cause.

An Arkansas Tornado.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., April 11.—Later reports of the recent tornado indicate great loss of life. The German settlement in Garland county was devastated, and three persons killed. Montgomery county suffered severely, and two citizens lost their lives, being crushed by falling timber. The casualties will probably foot up ten lives, and the loss of property fifty thousand dollars.

Will Depart This Life in May.

BATON ROUGE, La., April 11.—The Governor has ordered the execution of Bazis Dugay for the murder of Geo. Lukesley, sentenced to be hanged on January 26, 1883. He will be executed on the 11th of next May. Also John Austin, on the same date, for the murder of Isaac Brown, who was sentenced on the 26th of January, 1883. They will be hanged at Franklin.

Coal Mining Troubles.

CLEVELAND, O., April 11.—At a meeting of the coal operatives of the Massillon district, it was decided that a general lockout now is unavoidable. This will throw between 5,000 and 6,000 miners out. Serious trouble is anticipated.

Jail Delivery.

FORT WORTH, April 11.—Yesterday twenty-four prisoners escaped from jail. All were recaptured excepting four.